

Starter unit

be and have got

- **1** Complete the sentences. Use the words in he box.
- has got haven't got hasn't got isn't have got aren't is are
- My brother is sixteen years old.
- 1 Her grandparents from Australia. They are from Canada.
- 2 His aunta new car. It's great!
- 3 This sweatshirt new. It's old.
- 4 Ia red pen and a black pen.
- 5 We a computer at home. We use the computer in school.
- 6 Ben and Paula happy at school.
- 7 He any brothers.

Subject pronouns and possessive adjectives

2 Choose the correct answer.

- I/(My) Me favourite band is McFly.
- 1 My sister is a doctor. I / Her / She lives in London.
- 2 We really like he / we / our teacher.
- 3 My aunt doesn't like her car. She prefers his / her / she bike.
- 4 I really like this CD. He / They / It is great.
- 5 John and Jen are my good friends. Their / They / We parents are from Canada.
- 6 I've got some new shoes. It / Their / They are really nice.
- 7 It's my birthday. I / My / She am fifteen today.

Possessive 's

3 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

- A My parents' computer is old. <
 - B My parent's computers is old.
- 1 A His best friends' cousin is my brother. B His best friend's cousin is my brother.
- 2 A My friend's birthdays are all in May. B My friends' birthdays are all in May.
- 3 A My aunt works in a girl's school. B My aunt works in a girls' school.
- 4 A That boy's name is Sebastian. B That boys' name is Sebastian.
- 5 A Her best friend's mum is an actress. B Her best friends' mum is an actress.

there is / there are, some and any

4 Match 1-6 with a-f to make sentences. G

How many people

- 1 There's
- 2 There aren't
- 3 There's some
- 4 Is there
- 5 Are there
- 6 There isn't a
- a a cinema in your town?
- b any shoes in the wardrobe.
- c any pens on the table?
- d CD player in the classroom.
- e a computer in my room.
- f milk in the fridge.
- g are there in your class?

Question forms: be and have got

- 5 Write the words in the correct order. mobile / you / phone? / my / got / Have Have you got my mobile phone?
 - 1 birthday? / mother's / your / is / When
 - 2 computer / Is / games? / interested / in / she
 - 3 trousers? / Paul's / Are / they
 - father / brothers? / any / got / Has / your 4
 - 5 jeans? / new / you / got / Have
 - 6 your / house / Is / big? / uncles'



UNIT 1

Present simple: affirmative and negative

1 Complete the sentences. Use the present simple form of the verb in brackets.

Dan plays tennis on Saturdays. (play)

- 1 They a lot of TV at the weekend. (not / watch)
- 2 My sisterin a boys' school. (teach)
- 3 I my homework in the evening. (do)
- 4 I text messages to my friends. (send)
- 5 We classical music. (like)
- 6 My mother my room. (not / tidy)
- 7 I on school days. (not / go out)
- 8 We to music in my room. (listen)
- 9 He magazines. He reads books. (not / read)

Present simple: questions

- 2 Put the words into the correct order. you / Do / surf / Internet? / the Do you surf the Internet?
- 1 send / your / messages? / brother / text / Does
- 2 friends / go / to / your / the / Do / cinema?
- 3 use / mum / the / his / computer? / Does
- 4 computer / Do / your / and / friends / you / games? / play
- 5 their / room? / dad / Does / their / tidy
- 6 school? / Does / hard / work / Dan / at
- 7 evening? / your / the / parents / go / Do / out / in
- 8 magazines? / aunt / our / read / Does
- 9 school? / a / you / Do / in / teach

Adverbs of frequency

3 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

- A Jill surfs often the Internet.
- B Jill often surfs the Internet. 🗸
- 1 A I hardly ever read magazines. B I hardly read ever magazines.
- 2 A We do usually our homework on Sunday. B We usually do our homework on Sunday.
- 3 A I forget always Billy's birthday.
 - B I always forget Billy's birthday.
- 4 A He's never nice to me. B He's nice never to me.
- 5 A She often doesn't listen to classical music. B She doesn't often listen to classical music.
- 6 A We're sometimes late for school. B We sometimes are late for school.
- 7 A My best friend always phones me at the weekend.B My best friend phones me always at the weekend.
- 8 A Her big brother is hardly ever horrible to her.B Her big brother hardly ever is horrible to her.

Verb + -ing

4 Choose the correct answer.

- I love send / sending) text messages to my friends.
- 1 We usually go / going shopping on Saturday.
- 2 She doesn't like tidying / tidy her room.
- 3 Nick enjoying / enjoys watching romantic films.
- 4 I don't mind doing / do my homework.
- 5 They hate study / studying in the evenings.
- 6 Sal and I enjoy listen / listening to music.
- 7 I often staying / stay in on Friday evening.



UNIT 2

Present continuous

- **1** Write sentences. Use the present continuous. Ben and Jo / fight about the game. Ben and Jo are fighting about the game.
- 1 Paul / look for his brother
- 2 We / eat your birthday cake
- 3 The teams / play a basketball game
- 4 Bruce and I / watch TV
- 5 We / live in my parents' flat at the moment
- 6 I / make lunch
- 7 Sally / tidy her room / and Paul / read a book

2 Write the words in the correct order.

eating? / What / you / are What are you eating?

- 1 are / What / cooking? / they
- 2 is / now? / he / Why / sleeping
- 3 Marco / Is / dinner? / making
- 4 to / is / talking / Why / Alice? / Jane
- 5 this / you / Are / film? / watching

3 Match sentences 1-5 with sentences a-e.

She isn't sleeping.

F She's awake.

c We're bored.

- 1 I'm not looking for you. a They're playing.
- 2 They're not fighting.
- 3 Brad isn't living
- b He's living with his parents.
- with a friend.
- 4 We're not winning.
- d I'm looking for Fred.
- 5 We're not enjoying the film.
- e We're losing.

Present simple and continuous

4 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

- A We don't eat meat. 🗸 B We're never eating meat.
- 1 A Where are you usually sleeping? B Where do you usually sleep?
- 2 A What do you drink? It looks strange. B What are you drinking? It looks strange.
- 3 A Why are you sitting on the floor? Have a seat. B Why do you sit on the floor? Have a seat.
- 4 A Insects are eating leaves.
- B Insects eat leaves.
- 5 A Kate and Tom don't travel around Australia. They're in Paris.
 - B Kate and Tom aren't travelling around Australia. They're in Paris.
- 6 A Helena sometimes does her homework in the evenings.
 - B Helena is sometimes doing her homework in the evenings.

Present continuous with future meaning

5 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the words in the box.

watch travel go work play start Are you working in the shop on Saturday?

- 1 How Paul and Tom to Greece?
- 2 Next month, I a new job.
- 3 We on holiday tomorrow. I'm very excited!
- 4 He for the school team next month.
- 5 They Chelsea play Arsenal later.



UNIT 3

Past simple: regular and irregular verbs

1 Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verbs from the box.

not call study start work sail not open

Paolo worked in a bank for three years.

- 1 Sara and Julie across the Pacific Ocean.
- 2 We the shop last Sunday.
- 3 You hard for your exams.
- 4 She at a new school last week.
- 5 I you last night. It was late.

2 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

- He bought some new clothes today. (buy)
- 1 I to you and you didn't answer. (write)
- 2 Bella the party half an hour ago. (leave)
- 3 She one of the most famous actresses in the world. (become)
- 4 You your new jeans yesterday. (not wear)
- 5 They very hungry after their walk. (feel)
- 6 We at school when we were twelve. (meet)
- 7 He breakfast this morning. (not have)

3 Match 1-4 with a-d. Imagine that it is 10:15 a.m. on 16th December 2005.

- 4 December 1985 e two years ago

was / were

- 4 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.
 - A The film wasn't very exciting. 🗸
 - B The film weren't very exciting.
- 1 A He were very tired after running five kilometres. B He was very tired after running five kilometres.

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- 2 A She was very successful at art college. She won a lot of prizes.
 - B She wasn't very successful at art college. She won a lot of prizes.
- 3 A Were you born in Italy? B You were born to Italy?
- 4 A There were a lot of famous people at the party. B There was a lot of famous people at the party.
- 5 A It were very cloudy in the morning. B It was very cloudy in the morning.

Past simple: questions

5 Write questions. Use the past simple.

Brad Pitt / win an Oscar for Troy? Did Brad Pitt win an Oscar for Troy?

- 1 you / make / any new friends / at the party?
- 2 Where / you / grow up?
- 3 How much / that DVD / cost?
- 4 Where / Fred / go / last night?
- 5 Where / be / David Beckham / from?
- 6 your dad / go / to university?
- 7 What / we / eat / yesterday?



UNIT 4

Past continuous: affirmative and negative

1 Complete the sentences. Use the past continuous of the words in brackets.

We were watching the game. (watch)

- 1 They lunch. (eat)
- 2 Hea warm coat. (wear)
- 3 She near the river. (cycle)
- 4 I an interesting book. (read)
- 5 It so I didn't go out. (snow)
- 6 You quietly and I didn't hear you. (talk)
- 7 We for the bus. (run)

2 Write sentences. Use the negative form of the past continuous and the words in the box.

make rain sleep talk look <u>listen</u> ski travel push

I wasn't listening to the radio. I was listening to a CD.

- 1 She She was lying down.
- 2 It It was sunny.
- 3 He for you. He knew where you were.
- 4 They by train. They went by bus.
- 5 The childrena noise. They were very quiet.
- 6 Sarah She was snowboarding.
- 7 We to you.
- 8 You the door very hard.

Past continuous: questions

3 Write the words in the correct order.

at / were / eight o'clock? / doing / you / What What were you doing at eight o'clock?

- 1 was / What / reading? / Helen
- 2 to? / What / we / were / music / listening
- 3 shoes? / you / your / new / Were / wearing
- 4 someone? / Was / talking / sister / to / your
- 5 were / What / at? / looking / they
- 6 camping / in / you / or / hotel? / staying / a / Were

7 enjoying / concert? / Peter / the / Was

Past simple and past continuous

4 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

- A They saw the Pyramids when they were travelling around Egypt. ✓
- B They were seeing the Pyramids when they travelled around Egypt.
- 1 A He heard the noise when they were eating lunch.
 - B He was hearing the noise when they were eating lunch.
- 2 A When I was meeting Jack, he was working in a restaurant.
 - B When I met Jack, he was working in a restaurant.
- 3 A I wrote some letters while I was watching TV.
 - B I wrote some letters while I were watching TV.
- 4 A Nick had a bath when Sally was calling.
 - B Nick was having a bath when Sally called.
- 5 A We jogged in the park when it happened.B We were jogging in the park when it happened.
- 6 A They were travelling very fast when they crashed.
 - B They travelled very fast when they were crashing.



UNIT 5

will / won't

- Tick (✓) the correct sentence.
 A Some animals will to disappear by 2330.
 - B Some animals will disappear by 2330. 🗸
- A People will recycle more things in the future.
 B People will recycling more things future.
- 2 A More people will work from home in ten years.
- B More people are working from home in ten years.
- 3 A More people will travel by train in the future.B More people will travel by train in the future.
- 4 A I think that the world's population will to get bigger.B I think that the world's population will get bigger.
- 5 A We will be think more about saving our environment. B We will think more about saving our environment

2 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the words in brackets.

She won't be married when she's 23. (not be)

- 1 In 2020, people houses out of cardboard. (not make)
- 2 No one on the moon. (live)
- 3 I this evening. I'm too tired. (not go out)
- 4 I think that shea very important job when she's older. (have)
- 5 We skiing this winter. We'll go somewhere hot instead. (not go)
- 6 Chelsea on Saturday. Arsenal will win! (not win)

3 Put the words into the correct order.

the / come / Tom / to / Will / party? Will Tom come to the party?

- 1 future? / Will / look / the / cars / in / different
- 2 team / Which / will / match / the / win / on /Sunday?
- 3 rubber? / make / they / cars / out / Will / of
- 4 in / Will / people / more / space? / travel
- 5 your / will / What / say? / grandmother

First conditional

4 Match 1-7 with a-g to make sentences.

	If I get rich,	a she'll take it back to the shop.
1	If people stop using cars,	b you'll be happier.
2	If we recycle more,	c they'll really enjoy the concert.
3	If you get a better job,	d I'll go on a lot of holidays.
4	If she doesn't like it,	e there will be less pollution.
5	If you don't enter the competition,	f we'll help the environment.
6	If they're interested in music,	g you won't win.
7	If he doesn't like horror stories,	h he won't enjoy the film.

5 Choose the correct alternative.

If you see a good film, will you tell/ are you telling me about it?

- 1 If I pass my exams, my parents will to let / will let me go out.
- 2 If she is buying / buys one T-shirt, she'll get another one free.
- 3 If they don't hurry, they 'll miss / miss the bus.
- 4 If schools start to use robots, they not will need / won't need teachers.
- 5 If she doesn't get a job soon, she 'll have / 'll having no money.
- 6 If they go / went to Madrid, they'll visit the Prado.
- 7 If we leave early, we 'll have / 're having more time.



UNIT 6

be going to

1 Write the words in the correct order.

favourite / is / music. / to / Paul / download / going / his Paul is going to download his favourite music.

- 1 going / Sara / is / to / birthday / celebrate / her / with / friends. / her
- 2 design / I'm / to / my / website. / going / own
- 3 party. / You're / not / to / going / to / go / the
- 4 is / me. / going / to / photos / scan / some / Dom / for
- 5 to / She's / tonight. / finish / all / going / her / homework
- 6 evening. / I'm / not / to / going / work / this
- 7 text. / We're / to / write / going / not / a
- 8 going / They're / to / some / computer. / new / on / software / install / my
- 9 going / He's / not / have / to / on / website. / pictures / his

2 Write questions. Use be going to.

you / take your camera to the party?

Are you going to take your camera to the party?

- 1 she / buy a new computer?
- 2 they / make a film?
- 3 What / you / do at the weekend?
- 4 Where / they / go on holiday?
- 5 she / design the poster for the website?
- 6 When / he / tidy his room?

7 we / buy the new software?

be going to and will

3 Are the sentences plans or predictions? Write Plan (Pl) or prediction (Pr).

It will be raining tomorrow. Pr

- 1 I think that James will pass his exam.
- 2 I'm going to the skateboard park after school.
- 3 It will be fantastic!
- 4 My mum's going to cook pasta tonight.

4 Complete the sentences. Use be going to (plans)

or will (predictions) and the verbs in brackets.

- I think that computers will get cheaper. (get)
- 1 Cities more crowded. (be)
- 2 I very hard for my exams this year. (work)
- 3 Scientists life on other planets. (discover)
- 4 Children books in school. They'll use CDs. (not use)
- 5 Rory football after school tonight. (play)
- 6 They to France. (not fly)

5 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

A I think that you'll be very famous. \checkmark

- B I think that you'll going to be very famous.
- 1 A He going to go swimming before school. B He's going to go swimming before school.
- 2 A We're not going to study this weekend. B We're not go to study this weekend.
- 3 A If you get a ticket, will you to go?
 - B If you get a ticket, will you go?
- 4 A They won't going to see their grandmother later. B They aren't going to see their grandmother later.
- 5 A She's going to have a baby in December.
- B She will to have a baby in December.



UNIT 7

Comparative and superlative adjectives

1 Complete the table.

•		
adjective	comparative	superlative
crazy	crazier	the craziest
big	(1)	the biggest
busy	(2)	the busiest
boring	more boring	(3) the
nice	(5)	the nicest
good	(6)	the best
bad	(7)	the worst

2 Complete the sentences. Use the comparative or superlative of word in brackets.

Riding a motorbike is more dangerous than driving a car. (dangerous)

- 1 Robbery and vandalism are serious crimes, but murder is ⁴ (serious)
- 2 James is at football than Luke. (good)
- 3 Bill, John and Henry are not very good at maths, but John is (bad)
- 4 I find tennis to play than basketball. (easy)
- 5 Jane's two sisters are very nice, but Jane is (friendly)
- 6 Do you think that Halle Berry is than Angelina Jolie? (beautiful)
 - 7 I think that TV programmes about real life are than soap operas. (interesting)
 - 8 McFly, Coldplay and Green Day are all good, but Coldplay are! (good)

<u>should</u>

3 Match 1-5 with a-e.

I'm tired.

1 She walks home alone at night.

С

- 2 They feel sick.
- 3 I lost £50 in the street.
- 4 He's got a headache.
- 5 We saw someone steal a car.
- a You should tell the police immediately.
- b They shouldn't eat so much.
- c You should go to bed earlier.
- d He should lie down for a while.
- e She should walk home with a friend.
- f You shouldn't carry a lot of money with you.

should and must

- Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.
 - A If you go out you must always tell your parents where you are. ✓
 - B If you go out you should always to tell your parents where you are.
- 1 A You mustn't leave your mobile phone in a place that isn't safe.
 - B You should leave your mobile phone in a place that isn't safe.
- 2 A If you see a crime, you shouldn't tell someone.B If you see a crime, you should tell someone.
- 3 A If you want to get good grades, you must revise for your exams.
 - B If you want to get good grades, you mustn't revise for your exams.
- 4 A You shouldn't be rude to people. You should always be polite.
 - B You shouldn't rude to people. You should always be polite.
- 5 A You should eat five portions of fruit and vegetables a day.
 - B You must eating five portions of fruit and vegetables a day.
- 6 A Teachers should to do fun things in school.
 - B Teachers should do fun things in school
- 7 A Parents should try not to worry about their children.
 - B Parents should trying not to worry about their children.



UNIT 8

Present perfect: affirmative and

negative

1 Complete the table.

verb	past participle
climb	climbed
do	(1)
(2)	won
meet	(3)
have	(4)
(5)	played
(6)	fell
run	(7)

2 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

have we had gone she

hasn't walked met

I've never done judo.

- 1 She hasalong the Great Wall of China.
- 2 You haven't a famous person.
- 3 They have snowboarding three times.
- 4 have lived here all our lives.
- 5 He tried rollerblading.
- 6 I have nevera broken leg.
- 7 has had a sore throat for a week.

Present perfect: questions

- 3 Write the words in the correct order. you / Have / played / ever / tennis? / table Have you ever played table tennis?
 - 1 ever / she / sunburn? / had / Has
 - 2 father / your / Has / ever / a / ankle? / had / sprained
 - 3 children / the / before? / been / Have / skiing
 - 4 before? / we / here / been / Have
 - 5 sister / your / TV? / Has / ever / on / appeared
 - 6 ever / bad / you / accident? / had / Have / a
 - 7 we / Have / competition? / won / the
 - 8 rain / Has / stopped? / the

9 met / I / before? / Have / you

Present perfect

4 Complete the sentences. Choose the correct alternative.

- I never had / (ve never had) a broken leg.
- 1 Have you ever won a competition? Yes, I have. / Yes, I has.
- 2 Have Kelly and Mel been to Australia? No, they not been. / No, they haven't.
- 3 Ben hasn't do / done judo.
- 4 We 've played / 've play for our school team.
- 5 They not have had / haven't had an accident. They're OK.
- 6 We / She hasn't lived in Spain.
- 7 He's never practise / practised, but he's really good.
- 8 Has she ever tried skydiving?No, she has. / No, she hasn't.
- 9 Where has / is Nina travelled to? Is it Mexico?



UNIT 9

a / an, some and any

1 Complete the sentences. Choose the correct alternative.

We need some any suncream.

- $1\;$ They don't have some / any sleeping bags.
- 2 Did you get any / a torch?
- 3 I've got a / an apple if you're hungry.
- 4 She needs some / an insect repellent.
- 5 He hasn't got any / a sunglasses.
- 6 Are they taking a / any food?
- 7 We'll buy some / any water later.
- 8 I'm going to eat some / a biscuits later.
- 9 Are you wearing any / a coat?

Indefinite pronouns

- 2 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.
 - anything everything anything everyone anyone someone anyone something
- Have you spoken to anyone today?
- 1 She was looking for in her bag.
- 2 We've got in we need. We don't need more.
- 3 Is there to eat?
- 4 We've got two cars, so can come.
- 5 Paul is talking to on the phone.
- 6 I haven't seen here. Where are all the people?
- 7 There isn't in the fridge.

a lot of, much / many

3 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.

- A There wasn't much food. \checkmark
- B There weren't much food.
- 1 A There aren't many tourists here today. B There aren't much tourists here today.
- 2 A There are a lot mountains in Wales. B There are a lot of mountains in Wales.
- 3 A Have you got much water? B Have you got many water?
- 4 A Is there a lot of pollution in your city? B Is there many pollution in your city?
- 5 A Do you watch many TV? B Do you watch much TV?
- 6 A I've got a lot of apples but no bananas. B I've got much apples but no bananas.

- 7 A There were much people at the theatre.B There were a lot of people at the theatre.
- 4 Put the words into the correct order. rain / much / there / every / is / year? / How
 - How much rain is there every year?
 - 1 have / many / you / biscuits / eaten? / How
 - 2 got / you / much / Have / homework?
 - 3 many / have / she / friends? / Does
 - 4 people / How / have / the / many / town? / visited