### Grammar Starter unit (★★



### Subject and object pronouns and possessive adjectives

### 1 Complete the object pronouns and possessive adjectives in the table.

Subject	Object	Possessive
pronouns	pronouns	adjectives
1	m <u>e</u>	m <u>y</u>
you	(1) y	(7) y
he	(2) h	(8) h
she	(3) h	(9) h
it	(4) i	(10) i
we	(5) u	(11) o
they	(6) t	(12) t

2	Choose	the	correct	option
_	0110030	uic	COLLECT	Option

- 1 My uncle is Portuguese. He / His lives in Porto.
- 2 I have got two sisters. Your / Our dad is English.
- 3 When do you / she play tennis?
- 4 I've got Mr and Mrs Smith's address, but what's his / their phone number?
- 5 There's my mother. She's with her / your best friend, Sue. They go everywhere together.
- 6 I've got a black and white cat. It / Its name is Figaro.
- 7 We / Our go to church every Sunday.

3	Complete the sentences with a subject pronour
	or an object pronoun.

	Asha is Indian. <u>He</u> lives in Mumbai.
1	Rob and Jess are friends are in my class.
2	I like football. Do you want to play with?
3	Have you got Joe's phone number? I want to call
	·
4	Sean has got a laptop is new.
5	Mrs Laurent is our teacher. We have French with
	·

#### Possessive 's

### 4 Write sentences with the prompts. Use the possessive 's or '.

	essica / pencil case e <u>ssica's pencil case</u> is yello	ow and blue.
1	The teacher / desk	
		is big.
2	Grace / cat	
		is called Tiddles.
3	The boys / shoes	
		are dirty.
4	James / calculator	

		is in his school bag.
5	My parents / bicycles	
		_ are next to my bicycle.

### have got

### 5 Look at the table and complete the sentences. Use the correct form of have got.

	a dog	a laptop	a guitar
Oliver	*	✓	✓
Jack and Emily	✓	✓	*
Ме	*	✓	×

	3 4 5 6 7	Oliver hasn't got a dog.  Oliver a laptop.  Oliver a guitar.  Jack and Emily a dog.  Jack and Emily a laptop.  Jack and Emily a guitar.  I a dog.  Oliver and I a laptop.  Jack, Emily and I a guitar.	
6	Wı	rite questions and short answers. Use the prrect form of <i>have got</i> .	
	1	he / laptop	2
		Yes,	?
	2	they / bicycles	?
		No,	
	3	we / dictionary	?
		Yes,	
	4	Sophie / cat	?
		No,	•
	5	you / school bag	2
		Yes,	•
	6	I / calculator	2
		No,	ſ

### **Demonstrative pronouns**

7	Complete the sentences with this, that, these or those.							
	1	The bin is there is the bin.						
	2	My school bag is here is my school bag.						
	3	The posters are there are the posters.						
	4	My sisters are here are my sisters.						
In 8	<ul> <li>Imperative</li> <li>8 Complete the sentences with the affirmative (✓) or negative (x) imperative forms.</li> </ul>							
	1	(do) your homework! (✓)						
	2	(open) your book! (x)						
	3	(listen) to the teacher! (✓)						
	4	(write) on the board! (x)						

### **Vocabulary Starter Unit**

#### Countries and nationalities



 Complete the information with the country or nationality.

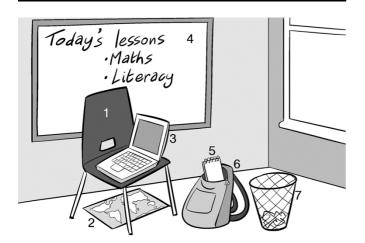
Country <u>the USA</u>
Nationality American

- 1 Country UK
  Nationality
- 3 Country Italy
  Nationality
- 5 Country China
  Nationality

### Classroom objects

2 Match seven of the words with items 1–7 in the picture.

bin board calculator chair desk dictionary door laptop notebook poster school bag wall window



1	 5	
2	 6	
3	 7	
4		

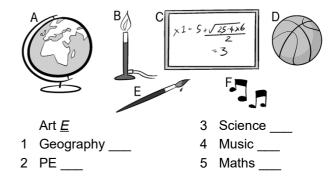
### **Prepositions of place**

3 Look at the picture in exercise 2. Complete the sentences with the words.

l	behi	nd	<del>between</del>	in	in front of	next to	on	under
		Th	e school b	ag i	s <u>between</u> t	the chair	and	the bin.
	1	Th	e notebool	( is		the so	choo	l bag.
	2	Th	e bin is		the	school b	oag.	
	3	Th	e laptop is			the chair		
	4	Th	e chair is _		tl	ne board		
	5	Th	e board is			the chair		
	6	Th	e poster is			the chair		

### School subjects

4 Match school subjects 1–5 with the pictures A–F.



### Days of the week

5 Complete the days of the week.

1	M	Grammar Unit 1 5	
		F	
2	T	6 S	
3	W	7 S	
1	т		

#### Classroom language

- 6 Choose the correct option.
  - 1 Excuse me, what / how does 'bin' mean?
  - 2 How do you write / spell 'window'?
  - 3 You put / Put your hands up.
  - 4 Don't / No eat in class.
  - 5 How / What do you say ... in English?



### Present simple: be

1 Complete the sentences with 'm, 's, or 'I	1	Complete	the s	entences	with	m.	's.	or	'n	e.
---	---	----------	-------	----------	------	----	-----	----	----	----

	l <u>'m</u> a student.
1	It half past six.
2	You in my class.
3	We from Spain.
4	Laura my friend.
5	I twelve years old.
6	She my mother.

### 2 Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative form of be.

	They aren	<u>′t</u> new. ( <b>≭</b> )
1	We	from Portugal. ( <b>×</b> )
2	My name _	Julia. (✓)
3		_ at school right now. (*)
4	It	_ the same. (✗)
5		_ a student. (✔)
6	You	from Spain. (✔)
7	Lena	here today. ( <b>×</b> )
8	Jo and Ma	y students. (✓

### 3 Complete the questions and short answers.

	<u>Are</u> you in Yes, I <u>am</u> .	this class?
1		this your pen?
	No, it	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2		Lucy and Joe at home?
	No, they _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3		I in the right classroom
		· ·
4		we friends?
		·
5		today Tuesday?
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6		I Sara's cousin?
		·
7		Ruben from Spain?
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8		you thirteen years old?
		·
9		she a student?
-	Yes she	

#### there is / there are

4	Write affirmative and negative sentences. Use
	There is, There isn't, There are or There aren't

	a restaurant (✓)	
	There is a restaurant.	
1	some stairs (x)	
2	a balcony (*)	
3	some windows (✓)	
4	a garden (✓)	
5	an umbrella (×)	
6	a shop (✓)	
7	any lifts (*)	
8	a dining room (✓)	
9	any trees (x)	

### there is I there are + a, an, some and any

5 Complete the sentences with a, an, some or any.

	There is <u>a</u> sofa in the living room.		
1	There aren't	stairs to the top floor.	
2	There is	shop in the hotel.	
3	There aren't	pets at my grandparents'	
	house.		
4	There are	chairs in the kitchen.	
5	There is	_ balcony in my bedroom.	
6	There is	enormous tree in the garden.	

## Vocabulary Unit 1 ★★

#### **Families**

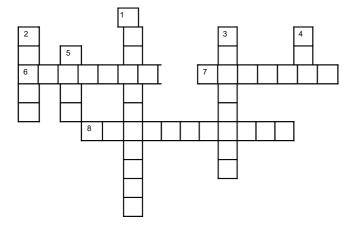
1 Write the correct word next to each definition and then complete the crossword.

#### Down

- 1 My mother's father is my *grandfather*
- 2 My mother's brother is my \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 My sister is my mother's \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 My brother is my father's \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 My father's sister is my \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Across**

- 6 My uncle's children are my \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 My father is my mother's \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 My father's mother is my \_\_\_\_\_



### Parts of a house

2 Fill in the missing words in the sentences.

bat	hroom	bedroom	garden	kitchen	living room
1	You co	ook in the _		_	
2	You sl	eep in the			
3	You w	atch TV in	the		
4	You ha	ave a show	er in the		
5	There	are trees a	ind flower	rs in the _	

#### **Pets**

3 Match the descriptions to the animals in the box.

cat dog fish rabbit

- 1 I'm often colourful and I can swim.
- 2 I have a long tail and I sometimes wear a collar.
- 3 I've got fur and I like to run in the park.
- 4 I've got fur and big ears.

#### **Dates: ordinal numbers**

4 Write the ordinal numbers in words.

1	14th <sub>-</sub>	
2	3rd _	
3	10th _	
4	9th _	
5	17th _	
6	20th	

### Asking for personal information

5 Read the answers and complete the questions.

	vvnat's your first <u>name</u> ?	
	Mark.	
1	What's your	?
	Roberts.	
2	How do you	that?
	R-O-B-E-R-T-S.	
3	What's your	?
	26 Castle Street, York.	
4	What's your	?
	00567 4340 128.	
5	What's your?	

mroberts@mail.com



### Present simple: affirmative and negative

1	Complete the sentences with the correct present
	simple form of one of the verbs.

		get go make
		We <i>go</i> shopping on Fridays.
	1	Maria up early during the week.
	2	I my bed in the morning.
	3	Paul swimming most evenings.
	4	Jude dressed quickly in the morning.
	5	Ruby and Joeto the cinema every month.
2		write the sentences from exercise 1 in the gative.
		We don't go shopping on Fridays.
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
3	Wı	rite affirmative or negative sentences.
		I / have a shower / every evening. ✓
		I have a shower every evening.
	1	Sabine / go running / every weekend ✓
	2	Elena / clean her room / every day ×
	3	Juan / eat breakfast / before school ×
	4	We / feed the animals / every morning ✓
	5	Sue and Dave / go shopping / on Sundays ×

### Present simple: questions

### 4 Complete the questions with the words.

	Who What <del>When</del> Where Why
	When do you play sport?
	At the weekend.
1	do you do?
	I run and go swimming.
2	do you do it?
	At the sports centre in my town.
3	do you do it with?
	With friends.
4	do you do it?
	Because it's fun.

### 5 Write questions and complete the short answers.

Lukas / sing in a band?

	Does Lukas sing in a band? Yes, he does.	
1	we / have fruit ?	2
	Yes, we	·
2	Ben / chat online ?	0
	No, he	?
3	you / go to the cinema ?	2
	No, I	·
4	Amita / play an instrument ?	2
	Yes, she	:
5	Javier and Dafne / listen to music?	2
	Yes, they	·
6	Manuel / play computer games ?	2
	No, he	'
7	You / watch TV ?	2
	Yes, I	ʻ

### Vocabulary Unit 2

### **Daily routine**

1 Find ten verbs in the wordpuzzle.

0	Υ	Q	Р	D	М	K	Е	I	K
В	Н	W	Υ	G	Н	М	Α	K	Е
Р	G	0	G	Е	J	G	Т	Н	F
L	Е	W	J	Т	Α	F	Ν	D	Z
1	Т	ı	S	М	٧	Ε	Υ	F	G
s	U	Р	С	L	Е	Α	N	D	ı
W	Р	K	Α	Χ	U	F	М	Χ	F
Α	٧	F	D	U	I	Н	Α	٧	Е
s	E	N	K	S	Q	Р	K	В	Е
Н	Υ	В	R	U	S	Н	Е	Z	D

2 Complete the text with nine of the verbs from exercise 1 in the correct form.

I (1) <i>get up</i> early, usually at 6.30 a.m., and
(2) a shower. Then I (3) dressed,
(4) my hair and go downstairs for
breakfast. My parents, my brother and I usually sit
down together. Our mum always (5)
breakfast. Sometimes we (6) eggs and
sometimes we have cereal. After that, I (7)
the animals. They are always hungry! We've got a
young cat, called Claws, and an old dog, called
Bessie. Then I go to my room. I don't (8)
$\label{eq:my-room} \mbox{my room in the mornings} - \mbox{I do that on Saturdays}.$
After that I (9) to school.

### Free time activities

3 Complete the sentences with the words.

	chat	band	plays	hangs	shopping	watch
	l lik	e <u>chat</u>	online	every da	ay. I can c	ontact a lot o
	frie	nds tha	at way.			
1	At w	eeken	ds, Ru	ben	out	with his
	frier	ıds.				
2	Alis	on and	Grace	sing in a	a	
3	'I go		e\	ery wee	kend. I lov	e buying
	new	clothe	s.'			
4	On S	Saturd	ay afte	rnoons I		one or two
	hou	rs of T	V and t	hen I go	out.	
5	Mar	ina is v	ery fit.	She	ter	nis and she
	swir	ns eve	ry day.			

#### Festivals and seasons

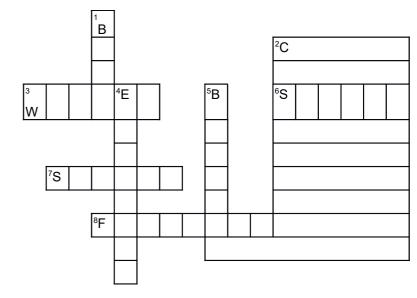
4 Read the clues and complete the crossword.

#### Down

- 1 something we use to travel on water
- 2 funny or traditional clothes
- 4 the opposite of boring
- 5 the flowers on trees in spring

#### **Across**

- 3 the time of year when it is cold
- 6 the time of year when it is hot
- 7 the time of year when the first flowers come out
- 8 noise with coloured lights



### **Making arrangements**

5 Match 1-7 with A-G to make sentences.

1	Are you free	 Α	go to the cinema?
2	Sorry, I'm	 В	can we meet?
3	How	 С	on Saturday?
4	Do you want to	 D	good for me.
5	When	 Ε	about Sunday?
6	That's	 F	busy.

								4	$\sim$
G	rai	m	m	21	r I		าเ	t	ે≺
<b>U</b> I	a			aı		J I	ш	L	J



### Adverbs of frequency

1	Tic	ck (✔) the correct sentence in each pair.
		a Andy never talks in class. 🗹
		b Andy talks never in class. $\square$
	1	a I go to bed always before 10pm. $\square$
	•	b I always go to bed before 10pm.
	2	a Sean cleans his room never.
		b Sean never cleans his room.
	3	a I am usually tired after school.
		b I usually am tired after school.
	4	a We often chat online to friends.
		b We chat online often to friends. $\square$
	5	a The children walk usually to school. $\square$
		b The children usually walk to school.
	6	a There is usually snow here in winter.
		b There usually is snow here in winter.
_		
2		omplete the table with the adverbs of equency.
Г		always never often sometimes usually
_		aiways never often sometimes usually
		●●●● <u>always</u>
		(1) ● ● ○
		(2) ● ● ○ ○
		(3) ● 000
		(4) 0000
3		rite the sentences with the correct adverbs of equency from exercise 2.
		Jacob listens to music. (●●●●)
		Jacob always listens to music.
	1	Carla eats meat. (OOOO)
	_	
	2	Harry talks in class. (● OOO)
	3	Evie listens to classical music. (●●○○)
	1	lack goes to school with loss (COO)
	4	Jack goes to school with Jess. (●●●O)
	5	James brushes his hair. (OOOO)
	6	I get up late. (●●● O)
	7	Angus is tired. (●●●●)
Ve	erb	+ -ing / noun
4	W	rite questions starting with <i>Do you like?</i>
7	- V I	play / football ?
		Do you like playing football?
		DO YOU IING PIAYING TOOLDAIL!

					7
	2	water sports ?			
	3	chat / online ?			?
	4	Beyonce ?			?
	_	7			?
	5	Zac Efron ?			?
	6	buy / clothes ?	)		
	7	romantic films	?		?
	8	listen to / class	sical mu	ısic ?	·
					?
5	Ma	atch 1–5 with A	<b>4</b> –Е.		
	1	©© <u>D</u>	Α	don't / doesn	ı't like
	2	©	В	hate(s)	
		<u> </u>		like(s)	
		©		love(s)	
		88		don't / doesn	't mind
3		omplete the sh rm of the word Do they like ru	ls in ex		e correct
		No, they <i>hate</i>	-	1	
	1	Does Eva like			>
	٠	She	violarig	•	it. (⊜)
	2	Do Hugo and	loe like		ii. (○)
	_	Yes, they			it. (©©)
	3	Does Dom like			
	-	Yes, he		9	it. (☺)
	4	Do they like ic	e skatin	ig?	
		No, they _		•	it. (영

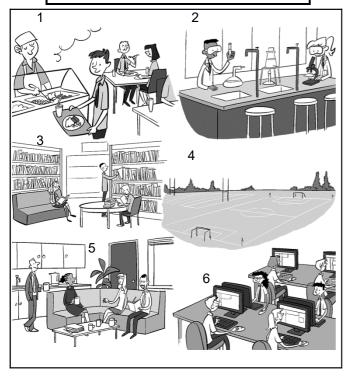
### Vocabulary Unit 3 (★★



#### School

1 Write the names of the places in a school.

canteen ICT room library playing fields science lab staffroom



1	 4	
2	 5	
3	6	

### **Sports**

2 Find five sports in the puzzle. Then complete the definitions.

F	0	0	Т	В	Α	L	L	Χ	J	В
Α	Z	—	ш	Α	Т	ш	D	G	J	Z
F	Н	Т	Ν	R	0	R	K	Е	D	N
G	S	F	Ν	Ν	Т	Α	В	0	0	N
L	٧	W	ı	В	М	0	В	G	N	N
М	U	В	S	W	ı	М	М	ı	N	G
G	F	D	Α	٧	O	F	O	D	Υ	W
R	Χ	Т	Α	R	U	Ν	N	I	N	G

1 You kick a ball into the net. footb
---------------------------------------

2	Pafael	Madal	and	Poger	Federer	nlav	thic	enort
_	Raiaei	madai	anu	Rouei	rederer	blav	นบร	Sport

3	You do this sport in water.	
4	This sport is a martial art.	

5	You do this sport in winter	, when	there	is a	lot	of
	snow.					

#### After-school clubs

#### 3 Complete the gaps in the sentences with words for after-school clubs.

	At the f	d		club you can
	make cool and	original clo	thes!	
2	Come to the i_		h	club
	and learn a fur	n winter spo	rt.	
3	You can sing a	ınd play inst	ruments	at the
	m	club on Thu	ırsday lı	unchtimes.
1	Do you like ma	ırtial arts? C	ome to	the
	t c	lub on Mon	days aft	er school.
5	If you like mus	ic and danci	ng, com	ne to the
	s	d	_ club o	on Friday
	lunchtimes.			

### Making suggestions

- 4 Choose the correct option.
  - A: (1) Why / Let's / How don't we go swimming?
  - B: No, thanks. I don't (2) think / want / go to do
  - **A**: (3) **Why / How / Shall** about going ice skating?
  - B: That sounds (4) dangerous / boring / fun.
  - A: It isn't, it's very safe.
  - B: (5) Let's / Shall / Why we watch a film?
  - A: That sounds (6) dangerous / boring / fun. What (7) let's / shall / why we watch?
  - B: (8) Why / How / Shall about Avatar?
  - A: That's a (9) bad / strange / good idea. (10) Shall / Why / Let's watch it at my house.
  - B: Great idea!



### **Comparative adjectives**

#### 1 Complete the table.

Adjective	Comparative
<u>short</u>	shorter than
(1) slow	
(2) big	
(3) good	
(4) easy	
(5) exciting	
(6) bad	
(7) low	
(8) difficult	

### 2 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives.

	The rides are <i>taster than</i> (fa	st) iast year.
1	Skydiving is	(scary)
	surfing.	
2	The rides at Universal Studi	os are
	(e	xciting) the rides at
	Disney World.	
3	English is	(good)
	History.	
4	Norway is	(expensive)
	England.	
5	PE is	(easy)
	Science.	
6	My bedroom is	
	(small) my sister's bedroom	
7	Reading books is	
	(interesting) watching TV.	
8	Watching TV is	
	(cheap) going to the cinema	
9	Playing computer games is	
		(boring) playing
	football.	
10	Motorbikes are	

(fast) trams.

### Superlative adjectives

# 3 Write the adjectives under the correct headings, short, long or irregular. Then write the superlative forms.

bad big dangerous good hot low surprising

Short		Long		
Adjective	Superlative	Adjective	Superlative	
low	the lowest	(5)	(6)	
(1)	(2)	(7)	(8)	
(3)	(4)			

Irregular	
Adjective	Superlative
(9)	(10)
(11)	(12)

### 4 Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the word in italics.

Luxor is *drier* than Ica, but Arica in Chile is *the driest* place.

1	Waialeale in Hawaii is wetter than Quibdo in
	Colombia, but Cherrapunji in India is
	place.

2	The Amazo	on is <i>longer</i> than the	Mississippi, but
	the Nile is		river in the
	world.		

3	Kebili in Tunisia is <i>hotter</i> than Hamidiyeh in Iran,
	but Death Valley, in California, is
	place.

4	Northice in Greenland is <i>colder</i> than Snag in
	Canada, but Oymyakon in Siberia is
	place.

5	Ireland is cloudier than Norway, but Scotland is
	place.

6	Sudan is sunnier than Algeria, but Arizona is
	place.

7In my country, autumn is *better* than winter, but spring

### Vocabulary Unit 4 (★★



### **Adjectives**

### 1 Write the opposite adjective.

	high	<u>low</u>
1	dangerous	
2	long	
3	difficult	
4	good	
5	exciting	
6	fast	

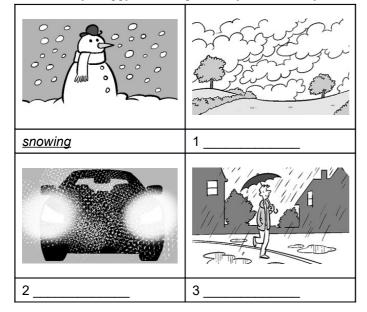
#### 2 Choose the correct option.

We live in the city centre in a boring / big flat it's got nine rooms. It's a very (1) noisy / safe area because there are a lot of motorbikes and (2) enjoyable / fast cars driving by. There is a park near my flat. It's very (3) dangerous / quiet there. I sometimes go there to read or listen to music. It's a (4) small / crowded park so there are never many people.

The restaurants near our flat are (5) surprising / expensive so I only go there with my parents. My friends and I usually go to a café called Café Moderno. The food is quite (6) cheap / **frightening** and it's in the city centre, so we meet other friends there too. Weather

### 3 Write the weather words under the correct picture.

cloudy foggy snowing stormy wet windy



4	5

	4 _	5
4	Co	omplete the sentences with the words below.  foggy hot icy stormy windy
	1	In autumn it's very The leaves fall
	_	off the trees.
	2	I don't like weather because it's very cold and sometimes dangerous.
	3	
	4	It's today. It's difficult to see.
	5	Let's have an ice cream. It's today.
Tı	ran	sport
5		Il in the gaps in the sentences with the ansport words below.
		aeroplane boat <del>bus</del> cable car
		motorbike tram
		Children often travel to school by bus.
	1	A travels on water.
	2	
		people think they're dangerous.
	3	The fastest way to travel to other countries is often by
	4	When you travel by, the journey is
	_	slow but the views are great.
	5	A runs on tracks but is slower than a train.
Α	ski	ing for travel information
6	Co	omplete the questions with five of the words.
		long much often What When who why
	<b>A</b> :	(1)'s the best way to get to Liverpool?
		By train.
	A:	How (2) does the journey take?
		Around two hours.
	A:	How (3) do the trains go?
		They go every 30 minutes.
		(4)'s the next train?
		10.40 a.m.

**A**: How (5) is a return ticket?

**B**: £56.00.



4 Write present continuous questions.

you / get changed ?

Present continuous			Are you getting changed?	
_	1 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the ing form.			James / brush his hair?
1				Sara / write an essay?
		carry come get make sit swim <del>take</del> Maya is <i>taking</i> a photo of Max.	3	they / do their homework?
	1 '	We are breakfast. Kate and Rosie are some big bags.	4	we / stay in a hotel?
	3	Sam is dressed into his uniform. Isobel isn't in the sea, she's in the pool.	5	you / draw a picture?
	5	Carla is to my house now.  My grandpa is in his favourite chair.		rite short answers to the questions in cercise 4.
2		te affirmative (+) and negative (–) sentences.	1	(✓) <u>Yes I am.</u>
		•	2	
		we / study English		( <del>/</del> )
		(+) <u>We're studying English.</u> (–) <u>We aren't studying English.</u>	4	(×)
		. ,		(×)
		you / draw a dog	•	
		(+)	Pro	sent continuous and present simple
		(-)	1100	sent continuous una present simple
		we / hang out with friends	6 C	omplete the sentences with the present simple
		(+)		r present continuous form of the verb in
		(-)	br	rackets.
		Carlos / go to school		My family usually <i>go</i> to Sevilla for our holidays.
		(+)		(go)
		(-)	1	I English at the moment. (speak)
		it / rain	2	Terry English on Tuesdays. (study)
	(	(+)	3	They always to school. (walk)
	(	(-)	4	We football right now. (not play)
		she / hold her mother's hand	5	Belen at the moment. (not sleep)
	(	(+)	Ū	at the memorit. (Not eleep)
	(	(-)	7 W	rite sentences. Use the present simple or
	6	Sophie / dive into the pool	pr	resent continuous.
	(	(+)		We / have / lunch / now
	(	(-)		We're having lunch now.
3	Wri	te the words in the correct order.	1	I / wear / trainers / today
		you / are / What / doing / ? <i>What are you doing?</i>	2	We / usually / go / to school by bus
		climbing / the tree / you / Are / ?	3	They / live / in Madrid / at the moment
	2	the piano / Alba / practising / Is / ?	4	Liz and Phil / sail their boat / every weekend
	3 /	Are / their books / closing / they / ?	5	Look! He / dive into the water / now
	4 i	is / going / Henry / Where / ?	6	They / always / spend / Saturdays / by the sea
	5 :	she / is / Why / crying / ?		

### Vocabulary Unit 5 ★★



### **Action verbs**

1 Look at the pictures. Make sentences using a word or phrase from each box.

Verbs							
make	<del>climb</del>	dive	draw	fly	practise	sail	

### Noun phrases

a boat the piano a model house a picture a plane into the sea a tree















She's climbing a tree.

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

### Adventure equipment

2 (	Complete	the adve	enture ed	luipment	words.
-----	----------	----------	-----------	----------	--------

	guide <u>book</u>	4	sun
1	back	5	to
2	com	6	sleeping

	3	first	7	insect
3		rite the name of	an item	from exercise 2 for

ea	ch definition.
	It gives you information about the place you are visiting. <i>a guidebook</i>
1	You put it on your arms and legs to keep mosquitoes away
2	You use it to see things at night.
3	You sleep in it when you are camping.
4	You put your things in it and then wear it on you back
5	You use this for minor medical emergencies.
6	You use it to find the correct direction.
7	You put this on to protect you from the sun.

### Music and musical instruments

4 Complete the sentences with the words in the

	classical flute pop reggae violin
1	A symphony orchestra plays music.
2	One Direction are a band who play
	music.
3	A is an instrument made from wood
	and strings.
4	A is made from metal and you play
	it with your mouth.
5	music comes from the Caribbean.

#### **Phone conversations**

5 Complete the dialogue below with the words.

	ask calling	course	nere	piease	таке	
Α	Is Eva there,	(1)	?			
В	Who's (2)	, ;	olease	?		
Α	It's Louise.					
В	She isn't (3)		_ at the	momen	it. Can I	
	(4)	_a messa	age?			
Α	Can you (5)		her to	call me	back?	
В	Of (6)	No p	roblen	n.		
Α	Thanks. Goodbye!					



### can / can't for permission and ability

1 Complete the sentences with *can* or *can't* and the verbs.

	be eat go(x2) <del>play</del> use visit watch
	Gina <i>can play</i> hockey tomorrow. (✓)
1	I home early today. We don't have
	a lot of work. (✓)
2	Cary her friend. Her mother wants
	her to stay at home. (*)
3	We sweets in class. The school
	rules are very strict.(*)
4	Marco to bed late tonight because
	it's the weekend tomorrow. (✓)
5	My sister my pens. I need them
	for my homework. (*)
6	They TV in their room. Their
	parents don't like it. (×)
7	You late to class tomorrow!
	Remember we have an exam. (*)

2 Look at the table. Write questions with *can* and then write short answers.

	Pablo	Delia	Marina
speak French	<b>✓</b>	*	✓
cook	*	✓	✓
swim	✓	✓	*

Pablo / speak French

	. a.z.e , epeant	
	Can Pablo speak French?	
	Yes, he can.	
2	Delia / speak French / ?	
		?
3	Pablo / cook / ?	
		?
4	Marina / cook / ?	
7	Walilla / COOK / !	2
		·
4	Delia / swim / ?	
		?
5	Marina / swim / ?	
		?

## *must / mustn't* for obligation and prohibition

3 Javier's mother is telling him some rules. Write sentences using *must/mustn't* and the phrases.

be on time for school eat a lot of sugar feed the cat
be noisy eat breakfast
watch a lot of TV
do all your homework

	You must be on time for school.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

#### Countable and uncountable nouns

5 Choose the correct option.

There aren't **any** / **some** beans.

- 1 There isn't **many / much** cheese.
- 2 Is there a / any sugar?
- 3 There aren't **much / many** vegetables.
- 4 There is a lot of / much chewing gum.
- 5 There are a lot of / many apples.
- 6 We haven't got any / some mushrooms.
- 7 Is there an / any onion?
- 8 There is any / some milk.
- 5 Read the answers. Then write the questions. Use the phrases in the box.

Are there any Is there an Is there any
How many How much

onions / ?
How many onions are there?
There are six.

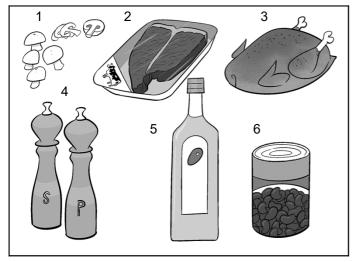
1 cheese / ?
Yes, there is.
2 vegetables / ?
Yes, there are.
3 apple/ ?
Yes, there is.
4 milk / ?
There's a lot.

## Vocabulary Unit 6 ★★



### Food

1 Write the names of the six food items.



1	m	4	s and p
2	b	5	0
3	C	6	b

### **Everyday objects**

2	Read the	definitions	and	write	the	words	for
	everyday	objects.					

1	You put it in your torch to make it work.
	b
2	It keeps your keys safe.
	kr
3	You put it on your hair.
	h g
4	You drink it. It doesn't have a colour.
	W
5	It's brown. It's very sweet.
	C
6	You wear it on your head.
	c
7	You put it in your mouth but you don't eat it.
	cg
8	It protects your mobile phone.
	m p c

### **Adjectives**

3	Complete the sentences with an adjective fro	m
	the box.	

	beautiful	boring	creative	funny
	horrible	magical	original	scary
1	Emma doesn'	t like Sci	ence. She	thinks the
	lessons are			

2 This film makes me laugh. It's very \_\_\_\_\_.

3 My sister thinks Disney Pixar films a	are
---	-----

4	Tom likes making model houses. He's very
5	In fashion design club we make clothes that are
	cool and You can't find them in th
	shops!
6	My mum hates mushrooms. She thinks they're
7	I don't want to go sky-diving. It sounds

### Ordering in a restaurant

paintings are \_\_\_\_\_.

### 4 Complete the conversation with the words.

8 I really like Picasso's artwork. I think his

bill f	or I'll have like or	rder to
Waiter	Would you like to (1	 l)?
Customer 1	Yes. (2)	_ the beef,
	please.	
Customer 2	l'd (3)	the vegetable
	curry, please.	
Waiter	And (4)	_ drink?
Customer 1	Water (5)	me, please.
Customer 2	Cola for me, please	).
********	*******	******
Customer 1	Can we have the (6	5),
	please?	
Waiter	Of course. It's £18.	

### Grammar Unit 7 ★★



Past simple: be

1		omplete the sentences with <i>was / were</i> (✔) or	4 C	4 Complete the table with the verbs.			
	Wá	asn't / weren't (*).			arry <del>compare</del>		
		Genoa <u>was</u> the home of the 'first jeans'. ( $\checkmark$ )	enter jump <del>plan</del> practise rob stay			stop tidy	
	1	Jeans popular among rich people. (*)			trave	el try	
	2	In the 1920s, young boys happy to wear	4	d	+ -ed	<del>y</del> + -ied	double
		dresses. (✓)		-u	1 -60	y 1 -160	consonan
		A paper dress safe near fire. (*)					+ -ed
	4	Chanel's real name Coco, it	con	npare	<u>arrest</u>	cn/	<u>plan</u>
		Gabrielle. (✗) (✓)	0011	<u>ipare</u>	arrest	<u>cry</u>	<u>piaii</u>
2		ead the prompts and write questions with <i>was</i> d were.					
		the shoes / big?					
		Were the shoes big?					•
	1	Carla / at school yesterday?			affirmative ar he past simpl		rm of the
	2	how many people / at the show?		ask	<u>asked</u>	<u>didi</u>	<u>n't ask</u>
			1				
	3	how much / the tickets?		carry			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	4	aha mutaashar / in 20102	3				
	4	she my teacher / in 2010?	4	rob			
	5	where / they yesterday evening?	5	try			
	Ü	micro / may your day overmig.	6	escape	e		<del></del>
			7	cry			
th	er	e was / there were	8	compa		<del></del>	<del></del>
_			6 W	rite neg	jative sentenc	es using the	past simple
3		rite sentences using There wasn't or There eren't.		she / n	ot wash her ha	air	
	W			She di	<u>dn't wash her l</u>	<u>hair.</u>	
		(many students in the school)	6	we / no	ot go to the sho	pps	
		There weren't many students at the school.				-	
	1	(a sandwich shop)	2	he / no	ot stay in a hote	el	
	2	(many classrooms)	3	they / ı	not open the do	oor	
	3	(a sports hall)	4	I / not	do taekwondo	yesterday	
	4	(any computers)	5	the thr	ee suspects / r	not escape from	n the police
	5	(big playing fields)	6	you / n	ot practise the	violin at the w	eekend
	6	(a canteen)					

Past simple: regular verbs

### Vocabulary Unit 7 (★★



### **Clothes**

1 Label the pictures with the words.

boots dress jacket shirt shoes skirt socks trousers





trousers





2





5





### **Appearance**

6

2 Write the words under the correct headings. Some words can go under more than one heading.

big blond blue brown curly green grey medium-height small straight tall wavy white

height	eyes
	eyes <u>big</u>
<del></del>	<del></del>
	<del></del>
	<del></del>
hair style	hair colour

3 Look at the pictures. Then complete the descriptions with the words.





blond dress black jacket long short medium-height small tall trousers

He is a <i>tall</i> man with (1),			
(2) hat he is wearing (4) (5)	air and (3) eyes. and a		
She is (6)	with (7),		
(8) hair a (9) an	and big eyes. She is wearing d a jacket.		

### Space travel

Complete the sentences with the words in the

boots breathe gloves helmet orbits spacesuit

	takes off uniform
	We need to <u>breathe</u> air to stay alive.
1	protect our feet.
2	The Earth the Sun.
3	keep our hands warm.
4	When a plane leaves the ground and goes into
	the sky, it
5	Astronauts wear a to protect their head and eyes.
6	When astronauts are in the office, they wear a
7	When astronauts take off and land, they wear a
	·

### **Shopping for clothes**

5 Complete the conversation with the words.

	<del>can</del> ch	anging dre	ess he	lp Small	try	you	
Α	ssistant	<u>Can</u> I (1	)	you?			
Customer		Yes, plε	Yes, please. Have you got this				
		(2)	in l	blue?			
Α	ssistant	Yes, wh	at size	are (3)		?	
С	ustomer	(4)					
С	ustomer	Can I (5	5)	it on?			
Α	ssistant	Yes, the	e (6)	roon	ns ar	e just	
		here.					



### Past simple: regular and irregular verbs

1 Write the past simple form of the verbs.

Infinitive	Past simple
go	<u>went</u>
have	(1)
help	(2)
swim	(3)
cook	(4)
discover	(5)
find	(6)
meet	(7)
travel	(8)

2	Put the words in the correct order using the
	verbs in the past simple.

a photo / I / of / yesterday / take / Paul I took a photo of Paul yesterday.

6 travel / They / last year. / to Italy

7	We / you / on Monday. / not see
8	for two years. / Sean / in Chile / live
4	not rain / It / today.
5	make / in the exam. / I / two mistakes
6	not watch TV / yesterday evening. / We

### 3 Complete the story with the verbs in the past simple.

We <u>had</u> (have) a great of yesterday. Some people the sea and others (2)	•
the beach. I (3)	(go) surfing for the first (fall) into the water a lot.
It (5) (be) how (buy) some ice cream. We there until early evening want) to leave.	Ve (7) (stay)

#### 4 Write negative sentences.

We had a party last night.

We didn't have a party last night.

7	Tl	4 . 1	- £:1
/	ınev	watched	a tiim.

3	Sam met Julia's mother.

9	I practised the violin.
10	Maria went to school.
11	We made our beds this morning.
12	You saw the bank robbery.

### Past simple: questions

5 Complete the past simple questions.

	<u>Did you</u> see Michael yesterday? (you)					
1	leave? (he)					
2	Who	speak to? (I)				
3	Why	call you? (she)				
4	What	do last Saturday? (we)				
5	Where	meet? (you)				
6		_ travel by car? (they)				

6 Read the answers and look at the verbs in bold. Then complete the questions using the verbs in the box.

1	do get go	<del>play</del>	see	travel	watch		
	<u>Did you play</u> any games?						
	Yes, we <b>played</b> tennis and football.						
1	Where	th	ne ma	tch?			
	We watched the	match	in Va	alencia.			
2	What	on	holida	ay?			
	We <b>did</b> lots of sports like swimming.						
3	Why	by trai	n?				
	We <b>travelled</b> by train because we wanted to see						
	lots of cities.						
4	When	hon	ne?				
	We <b>got</b> home la	st Satu	rday.				
5	Where	ir	Rom	e?			
	We went to the				Forum.		
6	Who	iı	n Pari	s?			
			We	saw m	ny friend Ana.		

### Vocabulary Unit 8 (★★



### Geographical features

- 1 Read the landscape definitions and choose the correct bold option.
  - 1 For example, The Nile, The Rhine: river / mountain
  - 2 Sand by the sea: desert / beach
  - 3 Area with a lot of trees: forest / coral reef
  - 4 Hot, dry area with a lot of sand: desert / valley
  - 5 For example, Atlantic, Pacific: waterfall / ocean
  - 6 Land surrounded by water: island / waterfall
  - 7 For example, Niagara, Iguassu: mountain / waterfall
  - 8 For example, Mount Teide, Mont Blanc: mountain / valley

### Places in a town

2 Match the items to the places in town. Then find the places in the puzzle. Which place is missing?

1	bread	<u>G</u>	Α	cinema
2	medicine		В	sweet shop
3	magazine		С	shopping centre
4	film		D	chemist's
5	chocolate		Ε	post office
6	clothes		F	newsagent's
7	stamps		G	bakery

I	Х	I	F	С	V	C	Τ	E	М	ı	S	Т	S
D	J	Κ	S	Н	R	>	Ш	0	D	Z	Ν	С	W
S	Н	0	Ρ	Ρ	_	Z	G	O	Е	Z	Т	R	Е
Ε	Т	Ζ	G	Ρ	0	S	Н	0	F	F	ı	C	Ε
В	F	В	S	Ι	L	R	Z	ם	W	S	L	G	Т
В	Α	K	Е	R	Υ	_	Ρ	K	W	っ	Ν	S	S
L	М	K	S	0	O	М	>	O	F	O	D	Υ	Н
С	I	Ν	Е	М	Α	Α	R	0	Υ	Ν	Ι	N	0
L	W	Е	I	U	R	Т	Р	М	N	В	٧	K	Р

### History

3 Match the definitions to the history words in the box.

	AD BC conquer ruins
1	Dates before year 1
2	Take control of a place or people with force.
3	The remains of an old building
4	Dates from year 1

### Asking for and giving directions

4 Complete the directions with the words.

can corner end <del>excuse</del> first go opposite turn way					
Man <u>Excuse</u> me. (1) you tell me the					
	(2) to t	the RNHT Bank, please?			
Woman	Yes, sure. (3) to the				
(4) of this street and then					
(5) right. Take the (6)					
left and it's on the (7),					
	(8) the park.				



7 I / pass the exam \*



### will / won't - future predictions

1	Write affirmative or negative sentences with	will
	or won't.	

it / rain ✓

It will rain.

1 they / come ×

2 we / win ✓

3 Rebecca / be late ✓

4 Luke / get the job ✓

5 our dog / eat its food ×

6 you / enjoy the book ×

2 Write questions for the sentences in exercise 1. Then write short answers.

	Will it rain? Yes, it will.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

3 Write questions about the future.

we / drive / cars / ?

Will we drive cars?

who / be the US President / ?

where / you / live / ?

how old / your mother / be / ?

what / clothes / we / wear / ?

### be going to - future plans

4 Write affirmative and negative sentences with be going to.

I / watch / TV

I'm going to watch TV.

- 1 you / not travel / to London
- 2 Mia / read / her book
- 3 we / visit / friends
- 4 my parents / not fly / to New York
- 5 I / play / football
- 6 my brother / not study
- 7 the dog / run in the garden

### 5 Read the weekend plans. Write questions and short answers.

	Ali	Jen	Me
go shopping	*	<b>✓</b>	*
watch a film	✓	*	<b>✓</b>
study	✓	✓	✓
travel by bus	×	×	*

Ali / go shopping

Is Ali going to go shopping? No, he isn't.

- 1 Jen / go shopping
- 2 I/go shopping
- 3 Ali / watch a film
- 4 I / study
- 5 Jen / watch a film
- 6 Ali and I / travel by bus
- 7 Jen and Ali / study
- 8 Jen and Ali / travel by bus

### Vocabulary Unit 9 ★★



### **Technology**

1 Look at the pictures. Label the items with the

camera games console keyboard mouse smart phone speakers tablet webcam

2

6

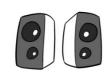
8

















Types of film

5

2 Complete the sentences with the words.

animated comedy historical horror musical romantic science fiction

	It was a funny <u>comedy</u> . V	Ve laughed a lot.
1	It's a	_ film – it's too scary!
2	It was a	film. He loved he
3	It's an amazing	_ film about aliens!
4	It's a	Everyone sings and
	dances in the film.	
5	It was a great	_ film set in France in
	the 18 <sup>th</sup> century.	
6	There weren't real people	e in the film – it's an

\_\_\_\_\_film, like Disney or Pixar.

### **Entertainment**

F

3 Fill in the gaps in the sentences with the words in the box.

		audience au	dition	author	perform	title
	1	I asked the		_ to sigr	n a copy o	of her book
		for me.				
	2	The laughed at the people in the				in the film.
	3	The actor did a great He's going to in the film.				
	4	I'm reading a great novel. Its is				is <i>Aliens</i>
		The students are going to in the school play.				
Making arrangements for the weekend  4 Put the sentences in the correct order. Write numbers.						
	Α	What are you doing at the weekend, Mary? 1				//ary? <u>1</u>
	В	Who are you going with?  What time are you and Anna meeting?				
	С					?
	D	I'm going with my friend Anna				
	Е	We're meeting at one o'clock.				

I'm going ice skating on Saturday. \_\_\_\_